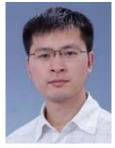


Shared by: Fan Yiming 20240802

Corresponding Author



李伟博士

职位:

- 研究员,博士生导师
- 千细胞与生殖生物学国家重点实验室副主任

教育与工作经历:

- 2006年获武汉大学理学学士学位
- 2012年获中国科学院大学理学博士学位
- 2013年入选中国科学院动物研究所"星辰研究员"计划并建立课题组
- 2016年评为优秀青年研究员

研究方向:

- 基因工程和干细胞的创新生物技术研究
- 开发基因治疗和疾病模型新技术



职位:

- 研究员,中国科学院院士,发展中国家科学院院士
- 中国科学院干细胞与生殖生物学国家重点实验室主任

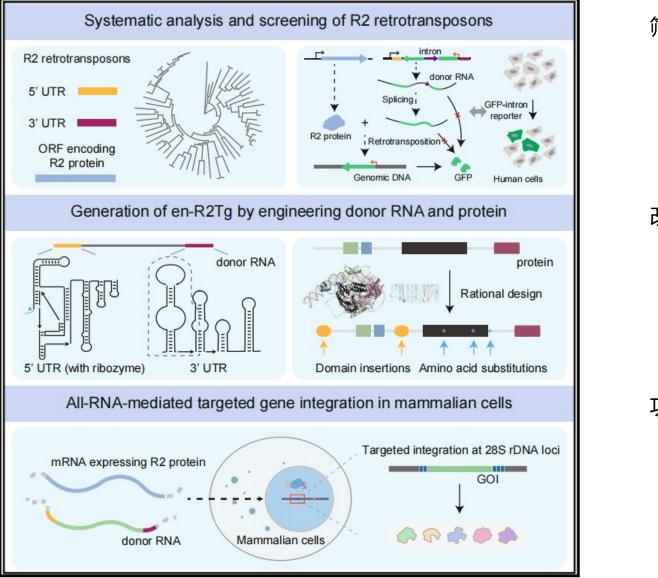
教育与工作经历:

- 曾任中国科学院大学党委副书记、副校长
- 领导国家重大科学研究计划、中国科学院干细胞领域战略性科技先导专项等重大项目

研究方向:

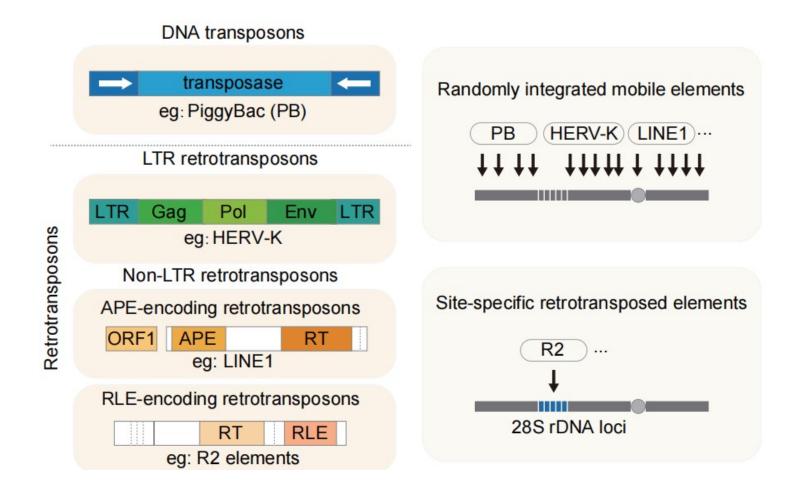
- 干细胞与再生医学
- 干细胞应用研究与转化

Article overview



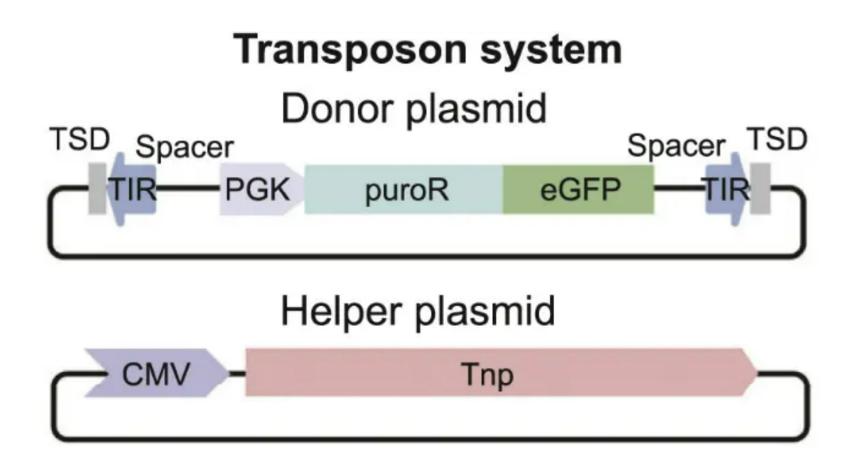


Overview of Transposons



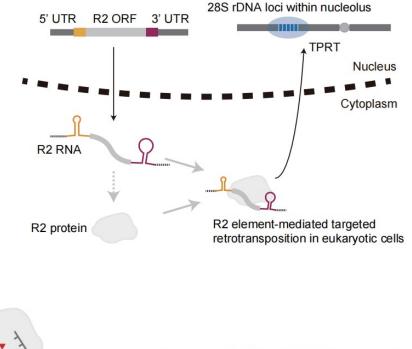
R2 is a site-specific retrotransposon targeted only 28S rDNA.

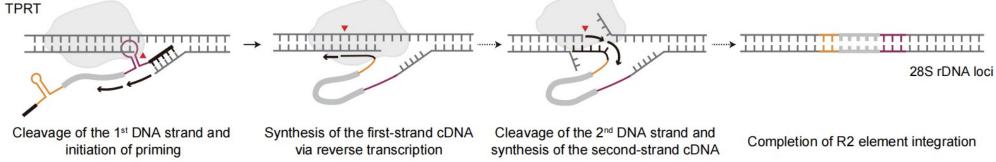
Typical gene integration system disigned from DNA transposons.



Advantages of R2 to target gene integration

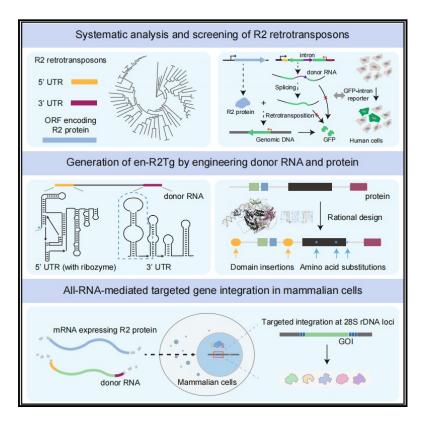
- Mature and efficient ssRNA delivery technology.
- Safety (target 28S rDNA, does not disturb functional mRNAs)



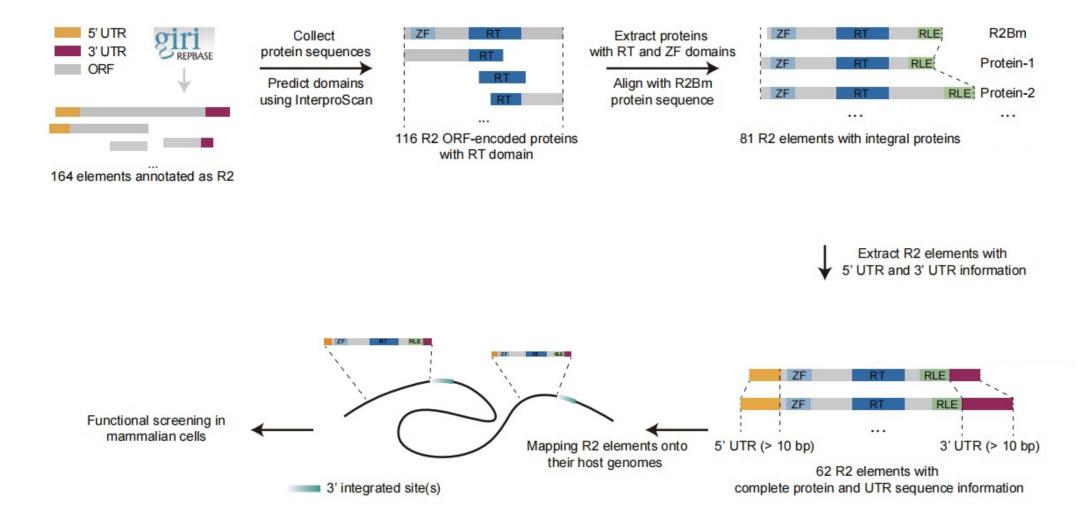


Study Objectives

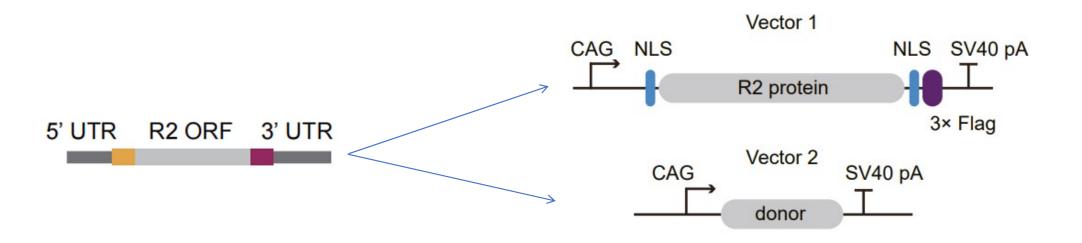
- Systematic R2 retrotransposons analysis
- Engineering R2 elements for enhanced integration
- Demonstrating all-RNA-mediated targeted integration in mammalian cells



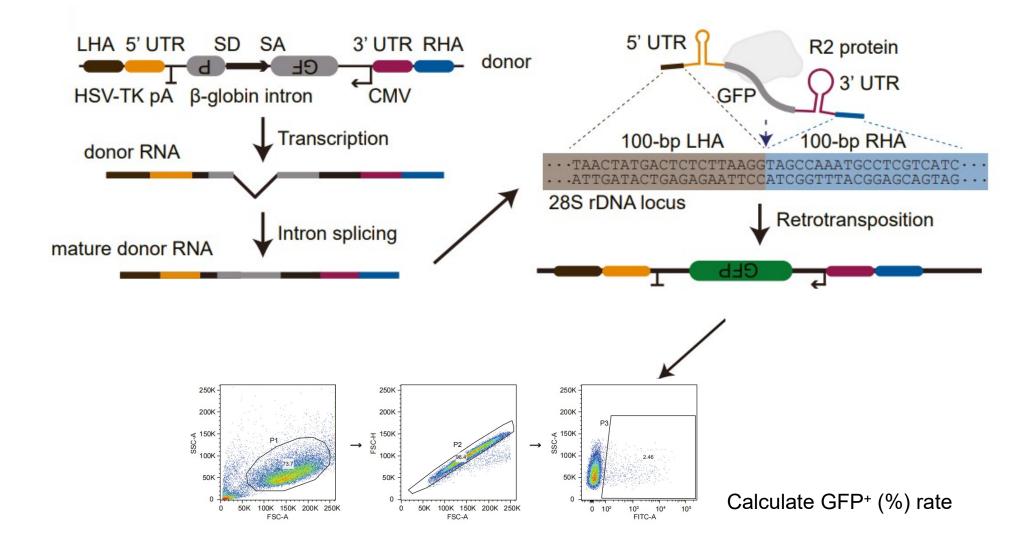
Bioinformatcs screened 62 complete R2 (integral for transposition)



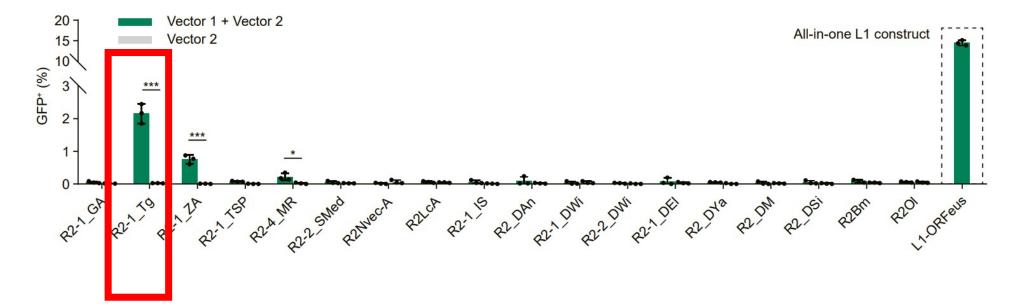
Modular expression system



GFP-intron reporter system

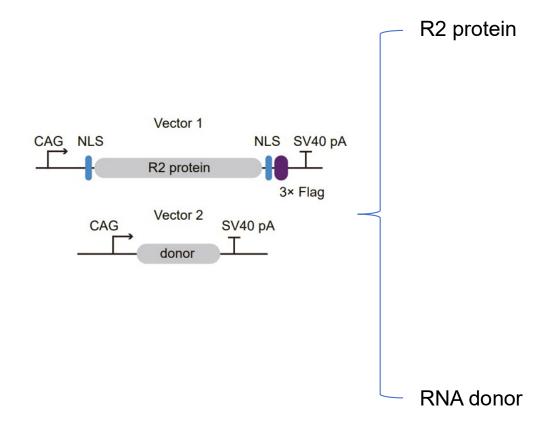


R2Tg has optimal retrotransposition activity

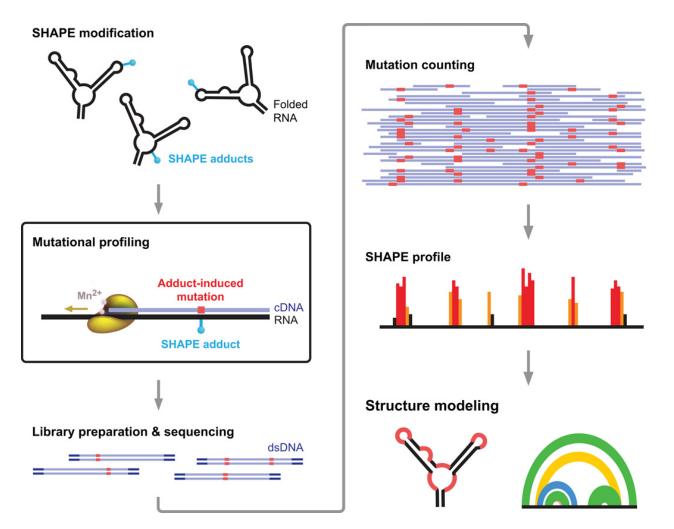


An, W. et al. Characterization of a synthetic human LINE-1 retrotransposon ORFeus-Hs. Mobile DNA, 2011.

Engineering strategy

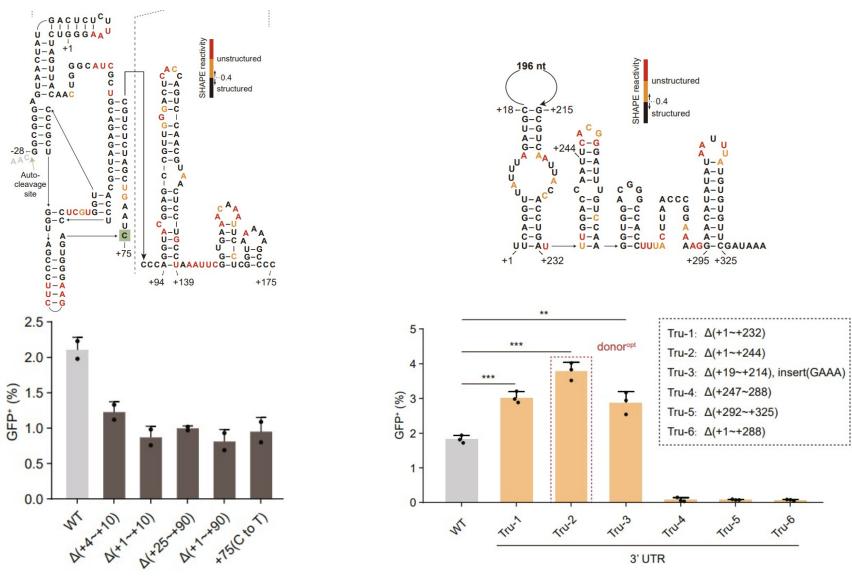


RNA structure determined by SHAPE-Map

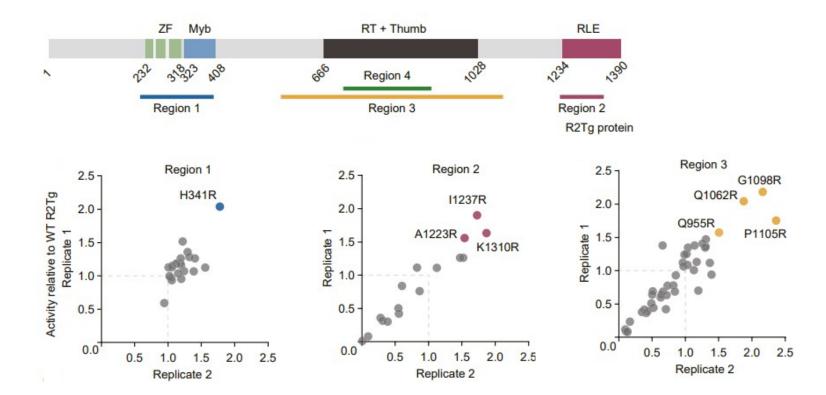


Siegfried NA et al., "RNA motif discovery by SHAPE and mutational profiling (SHAPE-MaP)," Nat Methods, 2014.

Truncation of 3'UTR (Tru-2, donor^{opt}) enhances integration.



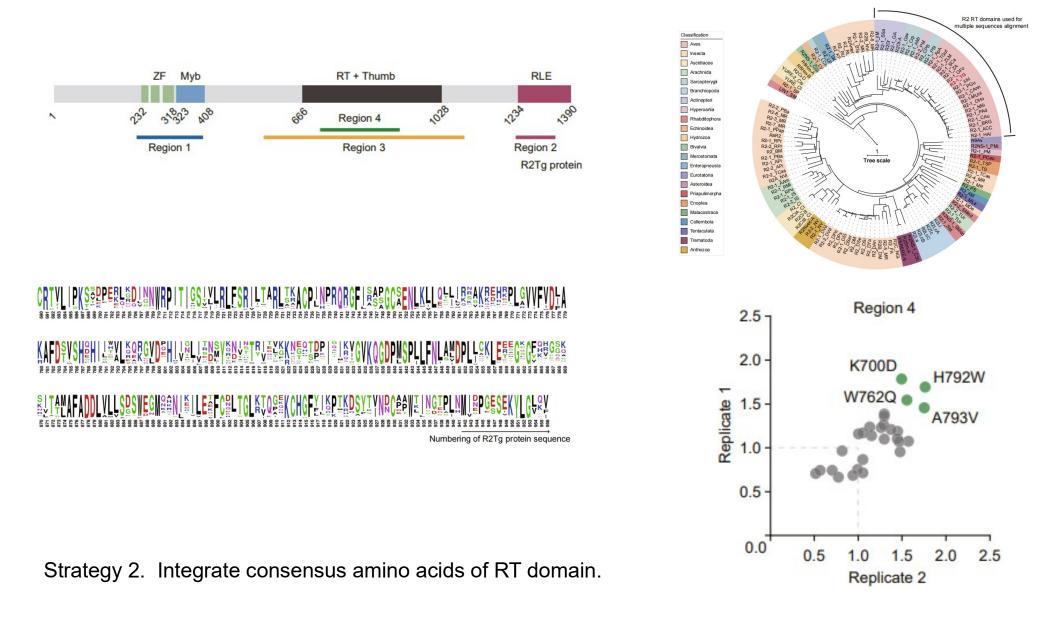
3' UTR



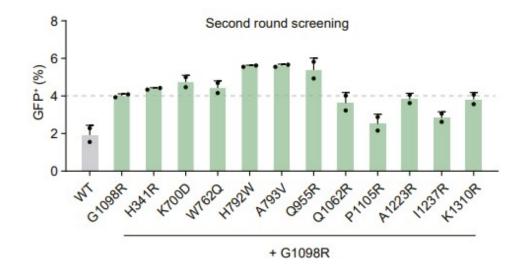
Point mutation in R2 protein

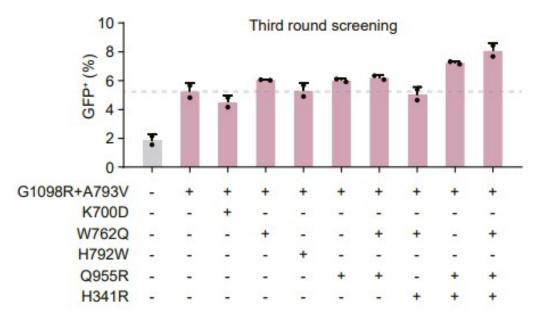
Strategy 1. Arginine with positive charge enhances DNA binding ability.

Point mutation in R2 protein

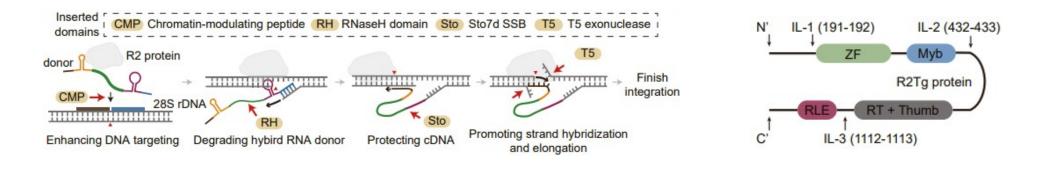


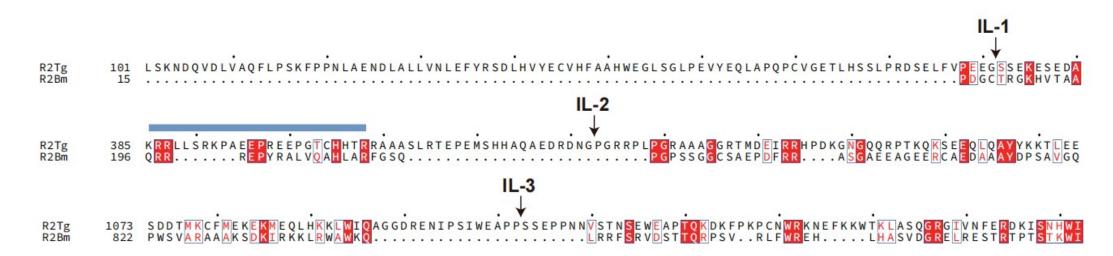
Point mutation in R2 protein



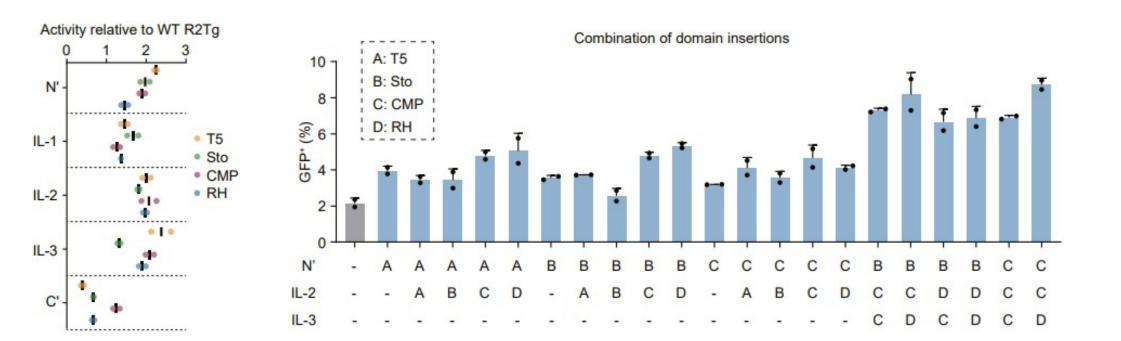


Domain insertion in R2 protein

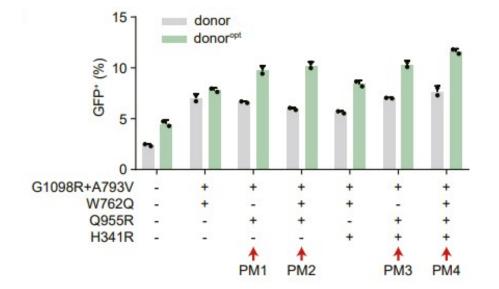


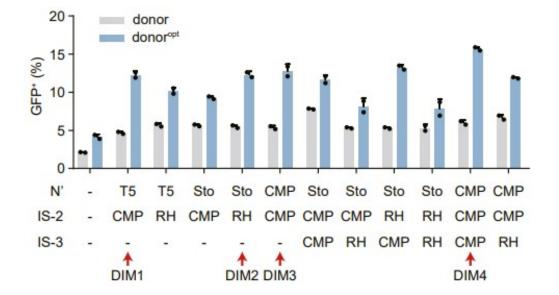


Domain insertion in R2 protein

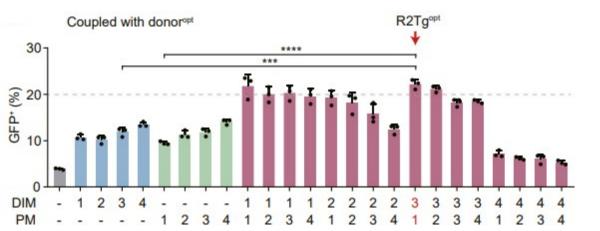


Engineered RNA donor and R2 protein enhances integration synergisticly.

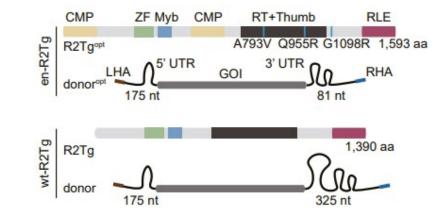




Combination of strategies generated en-R2Tg

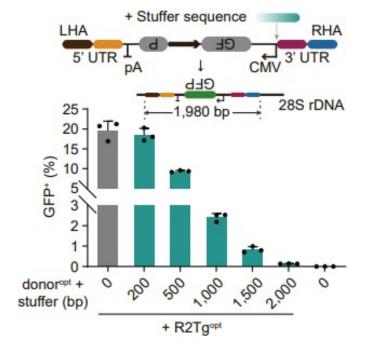


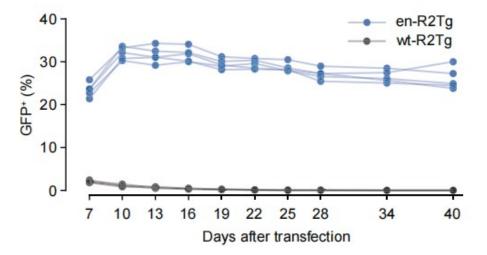
CMP(N)-CMP(IL-2)-R2Tg(A793V/Q955R/G1098R)



Bigger than 2.5kb insertion capacity.

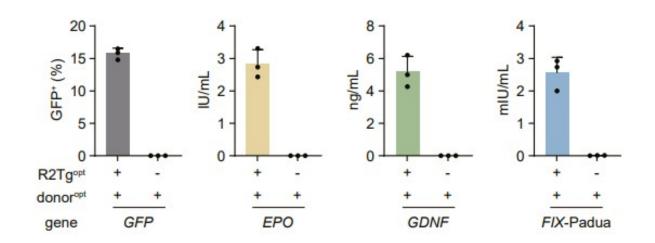
Stable expression over 1 month.





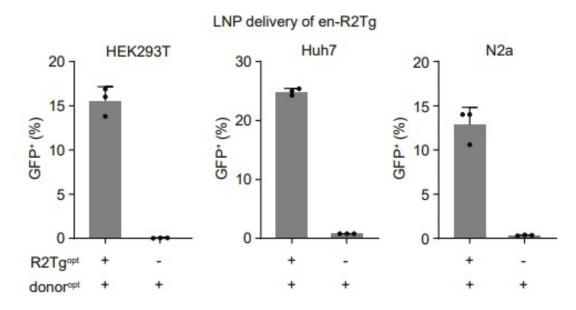
(in HEK293T cells by extended cell culture)

Integrate different genes in HEK293T.

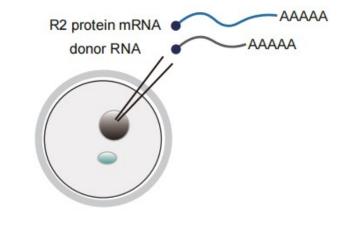


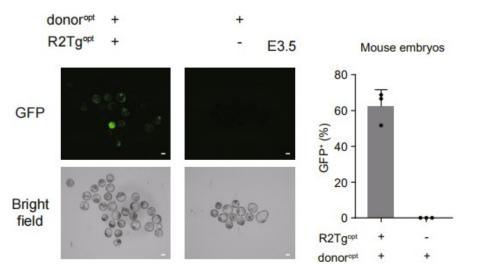
In-vitro transcribed RNA, delivered by Lipo3000.

Examples in multiple cell lines and zygote cells.

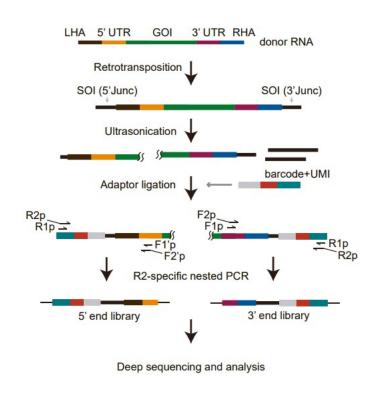


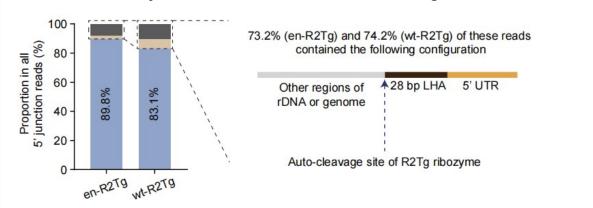
Microinjection of RNAs into mouse zygotes





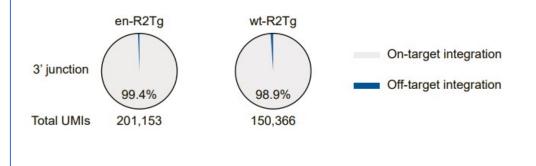
Precise integration specificity at 28S rDNA.





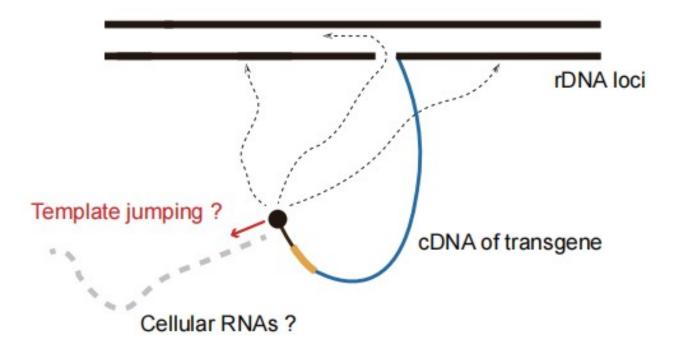
89.8% of 5' junction reads have exact integration sites

99.4% of 3' junction reads have exact integration sites



Capturing retrotransposon-integrated transgene sequencing (CRIT-seq)

Models explain the differences between 5' and 3' junction precision



Summary

- Systematic analysis and screening of naturally occurring R2 retrotransposons.
- Engineering of donor RNA and protein enhances R2-mediated gene insertion activity.
- All-RNA-delivered en-R2Tg enables effective gene integration in mammalian cells.
- Optimized en-R2Tg system has high on-target integration specificity in genome.